MATHEMATICS LITERACY P1 MEMO

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12: MATHEMATICS LITERACY P1

FEBRUARY/MARCH 2011

MARKS: 150

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG	Reading from a table/Reading from a graph
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
O	Opinion/Example
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding off

This memorandum consists of 4 pages.

QUESTION 1 [33 MARKS]

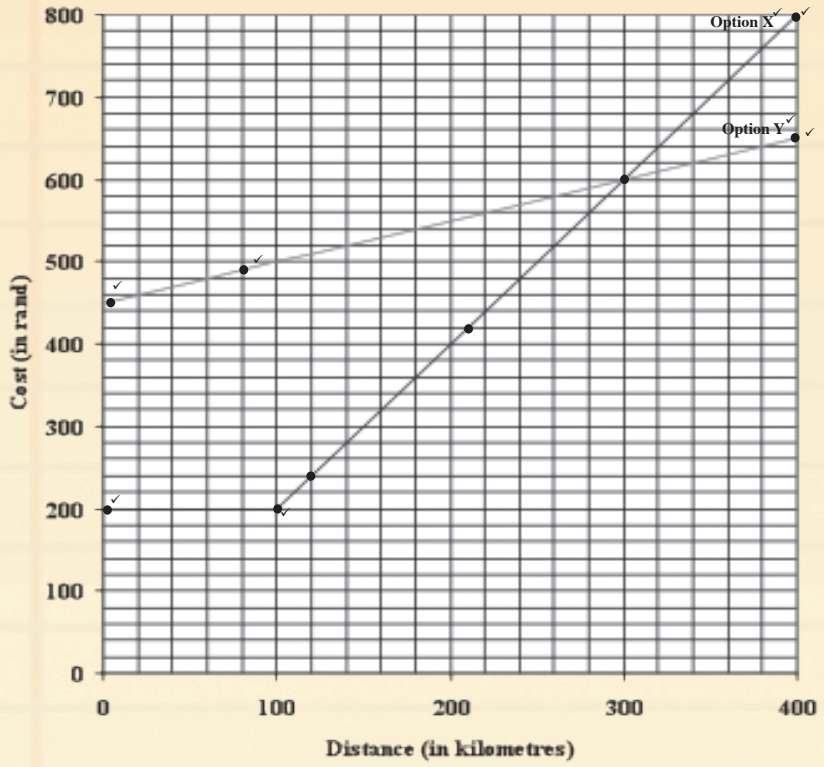
Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
1.1.1	$148\% = \frac{148}{100}$ ✓M $= \frac{37}{25}$ **OR** $1\frac{12}{25}$ ✓A	1M concept 1A simplifying (2)	12.1.1
1.1.2	1,256 cm = 1,256 10 mm = 12,56 mm ✓A	1A conversion (1)	12.3.2
1.1.3	$1(1{,}26 + 32{,}62) - \sqrt{2{,}25}$ $= \frac{3}{2} \times 33{,}88 - 1{,}5$ ✓A = 50,82 – 1,5 = 49,32	1A simplifying brackets 1A square root 1A simplifying (3)	12.1.1
1.1.4	150 minutes = $\frac{150}{60}$ hours ✓M = $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours ✓A	1M dividing 1A simplifying (2)	12.1.1
1.1.5	$\frac{\text{R } 12{,}99}{12}$ ✓M = R1,08 ✓A	1M division by 12 1A simplifying (2)	12.1.1
1.1.6	R1 = 1,6915 MXN ✓M ∴ ZAR 1 220 = 1 220×1,6915 MXN = 2 063, 63 MXN ✓A	1M multiplication 1A simplifying (2)	12.1.3
1.1.7	Growth (in cm) = $\frac{50}{10}$ ✓SF = 5 ✓A	1SF substituting t = 10 1A simplifying (2)	12.2.1
1.2.1	7 – 5 = 2 ✓M ✓A	1M subtraction 1A simplifying (2)	12.4.3
1.2.2	Modal age = 11 yrs ✓A	1A simplifying (1)	12.4.3
1.2.3	Mean = ✓M $\frac{1+2+3+3+4+10+11+11+11+12+15+16}{12}$ $= \frac{99}{12}$ ✓A = 8,25 years ✓A	1M finding the mean 1A correct values 1A simplifying (3)	12.4.3
1.2.4	P(10 years old) = $\frac{1}{12}$ ✓A ✓A	1A numerator 1A denominator (2)	12.4.5
1.3.1	Cocoa powder : sugar = 1 : 2 = 10 : 20 ✓A She would need 20 spoons of sugar ✓C	1A proportion 1CA number of spoons (2)	12.1.1
1.3.2	Mass of milk powder = $\frac{3}{6}$ ✓A × 900 g = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 900 g = 450 g ✓CA	1A proportion 1A total number of parts 1CA mass of milk powder (3)	12.1.1
1.4.1	Cost of the call = R2,90 ×5 ✓M = R14,50 ✓A **OR** Cost of the call = R14,50 ✓✓RG	1M multiplying peak rate 1A cost of call 2RG cost of call (2)	12.2.3
1.4.2	Cost of the call = R1,90 × 5 ✓M = R9,50 ✓A **OR** Cost of a call = R9,50 ✓✓RG	1M multiply off-peak rate 1A cost of call 2RG cost of call (2)	12.2.3
1.4.3	Maximum time = 9 2,9 ✓M = 3,1 minutes ✓A **OR** 3 minutes ✓✓RG	1M dividing by rate 1A time 2RG duration of call (2)	12.2.3

QUESTION 2 [29 MARKS]

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
2.1.1	Administration coordinator Hotel coordinator ✓RT ✓RT Data manager Accounts manager	2RT reading from table **OR** 1RT if only 2 are correct (2)	12.4.4
2.1.2	Total earnings = 4 x R22 000 ✓M = R88 000 ✓A	1 M finding total earnings 1A total earnings (2)	12.1.3 12.4.4
2.1.3	31 July 2010 ✓A ✓A	1A day 1A month (2)	12.3.1
2.1.4	Accounts manager : Administration coordinator ✓RT ✓RT = 25 000 : 15 000 = 5 : 3	2 RT reading from table 1A simplified ratio (3)	12.1.1 12.4.4
2.2.1	Radius = 30 cm	1A radius (1)	12.3.1
2.2.2	Area of the mirror ✓SF ✓SF $= \frac{1}{2}$ x 3,14 x (60 2)² + (60)² ✓S ✓S = 1 413 cm² + 3 600 cm² = 5 013 cm² ✓CA	1SF substituting diameter 1SF substituting side 1S area of semi-circle 1S area of square 1CA area of mirror (5)	12.3.1
2.3.1	∴ US $250 billion = ✓C US $250 x 1 000 million ✓A = US $250 000 million	1C conversion 1A answer in millions (2)	12.1.1
2.3.2	27% + 32% ✓M = 59% ✓A **OR** 100% – 41% ✓M = 59% ✓A	1M adding 1A % not from services **OR** 1M subtracting 1A % not from services (2)	12.1.1
2.3.3	Services = 100% – 15% – 28% = 57% ✓A	1M subtracting 1A % from services (2)	12.4.4 12.1.1
2.3.4	Industry = 27% x US$ 250 billion ✓RG ✓M = US$ 67,5 billion ✓A	1M using percentage 1RG reading from graph 1A % from industry (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1
2.3.5	% Difference = 32% – 15% ✓RG = 17 % ✓A	1M finding the difference 1A simplifying (2)	12.4.4 12.1.1

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
2.3.6	✓M Agriculture = 15% x US$ 1 000 000 billion ✓RG = US$ 150 000 billion ✓A	1M using percentage 1RG reading from graph 1A amount from Agriculture (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1

QUESTION 3 [23 MARKS]

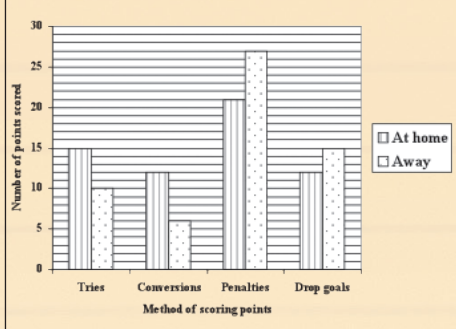
Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
3.1.1	A = 450 + 160 x 0,5 ✓M = 450 + 80 = R530 ✓A	1M finding the cost 1A cost (2)	12.2.1
3.1.2	✓M B = 200 + (250 – 100) x 2 = 200 + 150 x 2 = 200 + 300 ✓S = R500 ✓CA	1M subtracting 1S simplification 1A cost (3)	12.2.1
3.2	COST OF HIRING A CAR  **Option X** 1A point (0 ; 450) 1A point (400 ; 650) 1A correct straight line drawn 1A label **Option Y** 1A point (0 ; 200) 1A point (100 ; 200) 1A point (400; 800) 1A points joined correctly 1A label (9)		12.2.2
3.3.1	300 km ✓RT ✓RT	2RT reading from graph or table (2)	12.2.1
3.3.2	R600 ✓RT	1RT reading from graph or table (1)	12.2.3
3.4	Time = $\frac{180\text{ km}}{100\text{ km/h}}$ ✓SF = 1,8 hrs ✓A = 1 hr + 0,8 x 60 min = 1 hr 48 min ✓C ✓M	1SF subst itution in formula 1A number of hours 1C converting to hr and min (3)	12.2.1 12.3.1
3.5	Litres of petrol = $\frac{258,24}{8,07}$ ✓SF = 32 ✓A	1M finding number of litres 1SF correct substitution 1A simplifying (3)	12.1.1

QUESTION 4 [21 MARKS]

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
4.1.1	✓M ✓A P = 2m + 8m + 1m + 3m+ 3m = 17m ✓A	1M adding the 5 sides 1A calculating 3m 1A simplifying (3)	12.3.1
4.1.2	✓M ✓SF A = (11m x 3m) – (8m x 1m) = 33m² – 8m² = 25m² ✓CA ✓A **OR** ✓M ✓S A = (3m x 3m) + (8 m x 2m) = 9m² + 16m² = 25m² ✓CA ✓A	1M finding area of patio 1SF substitution 1CA area of patio 1A correct unit **OR** 1M finding area of patio 1SF substitution 1CA area of patio 1A correct unit (4)	12.3.1
4.2.1 (a)	A = $\frac{60\text{ hours}}{2}$ ✓M = 30 hours ✓A	1M dividing 1A number of hours (2)	12.2.3
4.2.1 (b)	B x 15 = 60 B = $\frac{60}{15}$ ✓M = 4 workers ✓A	1M dividing 1A simplifying (2)	12.2.3
4.2.2	✓A Indirect/Inverse proportion	1A type of proportion (1)	12.2.3
4.3.1	✓S V = 3,14 x (20 cm)² x 60 cm = 75 360 cm³ ✓A ✓A	1SF substitution in formula 1A volume 1A correct unit (3)	12.3.1
4.3.2	Lateral surface area of the pot = 2 x 3,14 x 20 cm x 80 cm ✓S = 10 048 cm² ✓A	SF substitution in formula 1A surface area (2)	12.3.1
4.4	✓M ✓M Costs = (6 x R45,50) + (4 x R19,99) = R273,00 + R79,96 ✓S = R352,96 ✓CA	2M finding the costs 1S simplification 1CA amount paid (4)	12.1.1

QUESTION 5 [25 MARKS]

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
5.1.1	21 000 ✓RT ✓RT	2RT reading from table (2)	12.4.4
5.1.2	93 400 + 57 500 +117 100 + 21 000 ✓M ✓RT = 289 000 people ✓A	1 RT reading from table 1 M addition 1A simplifying (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1
5.1.3	✓RT ✓RT Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal	2RT reading from table (2)	12.4.4
5.1.4	✓RT ✓M ✓RT 117 100 – 56 400 = 60 700 people ✓A	2RT reading from table 1M subtracting 1A simplifying (4)	12.4.4 12.1.1
5.2.1	✓M Range = R7 250 – R4 200 = R3 050 ✓CA	1M concept 1CA simplifying (2)	12.4.3
5.2.2	Median = R4 650 ✓A ✓A	1A arranging data 1A median (2)	12.4.3
5.2.3	Average(mean) ✓M = R$\frac{5\,525 + 5\,500 + 5\,980 + 6\,250 + 6\,250 + 6\,250 + 6\,300 + 7\,800 + 8\,200 + 8\,900}{10}$ = $\frac{\text{R } 66\,955}{10}$ ✓A = R6 695,50 ✓CA	1 M sum 1A dividing by 10 1CA mean salary (3)	12.4.3
5.2.4	✓A $\frac{3}{10} \times 100\%$ ✓M = 30 % ✓CA	1M salaries greater than maximum in Greytown 1M calculating % 1A simplifying (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1
5.3	A = P(1 + *i*)^n ✓SF ✓A = R6 350 (1 + 0,058)² = R7 107,9614 ✓CA R7 107,96 ✓R	1A value of *i* 1SF substitution 1CA amount 1R rounding off to the nearest cent (4)	12.1.1 12.2.1

QUESTION 6 [19 MARKS]			
Ques	**Explanation**	**Mark Allocation**	**AS**
6. .1	D2 or 2D ✓A	1A solution (1)	12.3.4
6.1.2	✓A ✓A Maitland; Peet Avenue; Bastion; Yoxall	1A two streets correct 1A all streets correct (2)	12.3.4
6.1.3	✓A From Luke's residence you turn right into St George's Street. ✓A At the first intersection, you turn left into President Brand Street.✓A Continue with the road until you reach Zastron Street. Turn right into Zastron Street.✓A Immediately after crossing Aliwal Street you will find the entrance on your left-hand side.✓A **OR** From Luke's residence, turn left into St George's Street.✓A At the intersection, turn right into Markgraaf Street. Proceed until you reach Zastron Street. Turn right into Zastron Street.✓A Proceed until you cross Aliwal Street and the entrance is on the left hand side. ✓A **OR** Any other possible route. ✓A	1A turning into St George's Street 1A correct turn at first intersection from the residence 1A correct turn into Zastron Street 1A entry into the club **OR** 1A turning into St George's Street 1A turning into Markgraaf Street 1A turning into Zastron Street 1A entry into the club (4)	12.3.1
6.1.4	7 cm on map = 7 x 20 000 cm in real life = 140 000 cm ✓M $= \frac{140\ 000}{100}$ m = 1 400 m ✓A $= \frac{1\ 400}{1\ 000}$ km = 1,4 km ✓CA	1M multiplication 1A converting to m 1CA simplifying (3)	12.3.3 12.3.1
6.2.1	Final Score = (3 x 5) + ✓A (0 x 2) + (4 + 1) x 3 ✓SF = 15 + 0 + 5 x 3✓CA = 30✓CA	1SF substitution 1A correct values used 1CA simplification 1CA simplifying (4)	12.2.1
6.2.2		5A One for each bar (5)	12.4.2

TOTAL: 150